Public Purpose/Impact Analysis

Title of Project: World Jewelry Center - Disposition and Development Agreement with an Owners Participation Agreement as Exhibit "C"

involves (WJC) the Jewelry Center **Project Description:** World development of approximately 5.84 acres of vacant land known as Parcel E on Union Park within the City of Las Vegas (the "Project") with 1,350,000 square feet of mixed-use development. The Project developer is Heritage-Nevada VIII, LLC of Beverly Hills, California. The Project involves two buildings with three distinct but interrelated elements: 1) 815,229 sq. ft. of Class A office space on 42 floors 2) 139,052 sq. ft. of residential condominium space consisting of 98 units on 10 floors. The Class A office and the residential condominiums make up an iconic tower. 3) And approximately 225,000 sq. ft. of space to include various stores, restaurants and related services in an adjacent building

The WJC will also have a parking structure which will consist of one below and ten above grade levels with 2,778 parking spaces. The parking structure will provide parking for the retail center as well as the office and residential units in the tower.

Sponsor/Developer: Office of Business Development / City Parkway V, Inc.

Assistance Provided by: Applied Economic Analysis

Number of Direct Jobs Created:

4,001

Number of Indirect Jobs Created:

2,647

Number of Direct Jobs Retained:

0

Pertinent Statutes Used for Public Purpose:

N.R.S. 279, N.R.S. 244, N.R.S. 266, N.R.S. 268

How Does the Project Benefit the Public:

The developer is bringing a new national and international industry to Las Vegas that currently does not exist in the City. A Foreign Trade Zone has been approved for Parcel E to facilitate the success of the international venue. The over 4,000 employees in the project will earn, on average, an annual wage of \$55,000, which is above the current median household income.

Quantitative Economic Benefits:

- 1) A total of 5,000 to 6,000 construction workers on site with 1,600 workers on site per day at peak development
- 2) 4,001 new jobs at build-out
- 3) \$5.3 million new annual Tax Increment Revenue to the Redevelopment Agency and \$3 million annual to the Affordable Housing Set-aside program
- 4) Project will bring 4,301 new residents to the valley
- 5) Project will create substantial demand for additional Hotel/Casino, Retail, Office and residential space.

Private Investment:

\$845,798,866 invested by developer in the construction of an iconic Class A office tower with adjoining retail

Public Investment:

- 1) A reduced land price from a) high value of \$180 per sq. ft. b)
 Average value of \$147.5 per sq. ft. c) low value of \$115 per sq. ft. to
 \$40 per sq. ft.
- 2) Tax Increment Financing for a 50% rebate of available accrued taxes. Possible TIF Note of \$81,386,167

Total direct Economic Impact:

\$290 million from construction workers annual over two or three years \$506 million annually at build-out from the 4,001 new jobs created Net Present Value of \$81,386,167 in tax increment to the Redevelopment Agency

Total Indirect Economic Impact:

Adding to the critical mass of office, residential and retail components needed for a successful downtown district.

Economic Impact Study Performed: Yes No XX

Return on Investment Analysis Performed: Yes□ No XX

ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC PURPOSE AND BENEFITS OF THE WORLD JEWELRY CENTER PROJECT

City of Las Vegas Office of Business Development Las Vegas Redevelopment Agency December, 2007



WORLD JEWELRY CENTER - LAS VEGAS

PUBLIC PURPOSE/PUBLIC BENEFIT ANALYSIS

World Jewelry Center (WJC) involves the development of approximately 5.84 acres of vacant land known as Parcel E on Union Park within the City of Las Vegas (the "Project"). The Project site is bounded by Grand Central Parkway to the west, Bonneville Avenue to the south and the Union Pacific Railroad Rail Line to the east. The Project developer is Heritage-Nevada VIII, LLC of Beverly Hills, California.

The Project involves two buildings with three distinct but interrelated elements:

- 1) 815,229 sq. ft. of Class A office space on 42 floors
- 2) 139,052 sq. ft. of residential condominium space consisting of 98 units on 10 floors

The Class A office and the residential condominiums make up an iconic tower.

3) And approximately 225,000 sq. ft. of space to include various stores, restaurants and related services in an adjacent building

The WJC will also have a parking structure which will consist of one below and ten above grade levels. The parking structure will provide parking for the retail center as well as the office and residential units in the tower.

The developer has asked the City of Las Vegas Redevelopment Agency to consider providing tax increment financing incentives. The Agency is proposing in the Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) to offer a rebate of 50% of Available Accrued Real Property Taxes collected by the Agency based on the scope of the Project.

In order to evaluate the public purpose and benefits of the proposed project, the Agency is following the guidelines established in the Community Redevelopment Law. Pursuant to NRS 279.486, in order for the Project to participate in TIF, the Agency must determine (a) The buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements are of benefit to the redevelopment area or the immediate neighborhood in which the redevelopment area is located; and (b) no other reasonable means of financing those buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements are available. The Agency has determined that the Project satisfies both of these tests. In reaching this determination, the Agency is making the following findings which are supported by the following supporting documentation:

SUMMARY OF REQUIRED FINDINGS PER NRS CHAPTER 279.486(a)

	NRS Subsection	Finding	Supporting Documentation
1.	279.486(2)(a)(1)	Encourage the creation of new business or other appropriate development	Economic & Fiscal Impact Analysis
2.	279.486(2)(a)(2)	Create jobs or other business opportunities for nearby residents	Applied Economics Analysis

	NRS Subsection	Finding	Supporting Documentation
3.	279.486(2)(a)(3)	Increase local revenues from desirable sources	Applied Economics Analysis
4.	279.486(2)(a)(4)	Increase levels of human activity in the redevelopment area or the immediate neighborhood in which the redevelopment area is located	Applied Economics Analysis
5.	279.486(2)(a)(5)	Possess attributes that are unique, either as to type of use or level of quality and design	Applied Economics Analysis
6.	279.486(2)(a)(6)	Require for their construction, installation or operation the use of qualified and trained labor	Employment Plan
7.	279.486(2)(a)(7)	Demonstrate greater social or financial benefits to the community than would a similar set of buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements not paid for by the agency	Applied Economics Analysis
8.	279.486(c)	Comparisons between the level of spending proposed by the agency and projections, made on a pro forma basis by the agency, of future revenues attributable to the buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements	Applied Economics Analysis
9.	279.486(a)(2)	No other reasonable means of financing those buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements are available	Tax Increment Financing Application Summary

Finding 1: The Project encourages the creation of new business or other appropriate development.

Finding 2: The Project creates jobs or other business opportunities for nearby residents.

Finding 3: The Project Increase local revenues from desirable sources.

Finding 4: The Project Increase levels of human activity in the redevelopment area or the immediate neighborhood in which the redevelopment area is located.

Finding 5: The Project possesses attributes that are unique, either as to type of use or level of quality and design.

The attributes of the project are truly unique. The proposed World Jewelry Center does not currently exist in the City of Las Vegas, and will enhance the national and international business identity of Downtown Las Vegas.

Finding 6: The Project requires for its construction, installation and operation the use of qualified and trained labor.

The Tower section of the project, which will contain the office and residential components, will be made up of 52 floors. The developer estimates 5,000 to 6,000 construction workers will be employed on the project over the course of construction. At peak development there could be 1,600 construction workers on the site each day. The Agency will require the developer to pay Prevailing Wage to all workers employed in the construction of the core and shell of the project. According to the Nevada Labor Commissioner the lowest prevailing wage for a Laborer is \$37.64 per hour or \$78,297 annually, which means WJC during construction could disburse more than \$126 million in wages to local construction workers. The employee economic impact during construction would be almost \$290 million annually.

For permanent employment, the developer is estimating that the project will employ over 4,000 people who will earn approximately \$220 million in wage and salary payments each year. This generates an annual employee economic impact of \$506 million. In addition to these new jobs the project will attract an additional 4,301 new residents to the valley.

Applied Economics Analysis showed that the direct, indirect, and induced labor would yield 6,684 new employees earning \$95.6 million annually. Other new development that will be driven because of the construction of World Jewelry Center is an additional:

71,890 sq ft of Hotel/Casino 421,660 sq ft of Office 1,519 Residential Units 1,064,159 sq ft of Retail 594,548 sq ft Supporting Business Venues

The Developer has prepared an Employment Plan to ensure the use of qualified labor during the construction of the Project. The Employment Plan is attached as Exhibit F to the Owner Participation Agreement.

Finding 7: The Project demonstrates greater social and financial benefits to the community than would a similar set of buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements not paid for by the Agency.

The developer is bringing a new national and international industry to Las Vegas that currently does not exist in the City. A Foreign Trade Zone has been approved for Parcel E to facilitate the success of the international venue. The over 4,000 employees in the project will earn, on average, an annual wage of \$55,000, which is above the current median household income.

Finding 8: The Project would result in the Agency receiving a substantially higher level of future net revenues attributable to the buildings, facilities, structures or other improvements.

This is shown in great detail in the spreadsheet analysis, which is attached to this report as an appendix. Because of the massive size of the Project on such a small parcel of ground the Agency could receive over \$5 million annual even after providing Tax Increment Financing. The Affordable Housing Set-aside program could receive almost \$3 million annually.

Finding 9: No other reasonable means of financing are available, because the Project with the events center has negative annual cash flow (debt service exceeds net operating income).

The current construction market is building Class A office space at a price between \$300 and \$600 per square foot. Project costs for World Jewelry Center are at \$766 per square foot necessitating financial assistance. This final finding is supported by the developer's Tax Increment Financing Application where the tax increment fills a \$81,386,167 financial gap in the funding of the Project. Included in the application is an affidavit from the developer.

ASSUMPTIONS

Most of our buyers/tenants will be relocating management personnel and highly skilled workers from other states and countries, but will hire and train most of their other staff locally. Very few will be relocating from within Clark County, or Nevada as a whole. For the most part it is presumed that they will be locating branch offices or sales/distribution centers in WJC, not company headquarters. Some may opt to headquarter at WJC if they can take advantage of the lack of state income tax.

Target market for residential condominium sales will be couples without children, young professionals, and corporate executives. Average occupancy is presumed 1.5 adults per residential condominium. About a third of the condominiums will be sold to buyers of commercial condo units, and the balance would have a profile similar to other luxury high rise properties. We are assuming a 30% average year round occupancy.

Total Direct Employment (No. of permanent employees) - 4,001 (see excel worksheet for breakdown)

Percentage of Employees currently living in city limits - 5% to 8% of WJC total employment would currently reside within City limits. 30% of Las Vegas residents employed at WJC after total buildout is much more indicative of the total employees who would live in Las Vegas after relocating to the World Jewelry Center, perhaps even more, depending upon the timing and variety of housing choices within Union Park.

Total Annual Payroll (\$) - \$219,754,000

Percent skilled workforce - 58%

Percent semi-skilled workforce - 31%

Percent unskilled workforce - 11% Total Hard Cost - \$496,613,000

Total Equipment (Fixtures) Purchase, local: - \$63,160,000

Total Equipment (Fixtures) Purchase, nonlocal: - \$33,000,000Monthly Electric Cost - \$133,760

Monthly Natural Gas Cost - \$158,000

Monthly sewer usage (in 1,000 gallons) – 850 New Street Miles added (estimate of linear street mileage around WJC) - 2,415 lineal feet (approx ½ mi)

Average square feet per residential unit - 1,447 SF

Matt Construction believes that 5,000-6,000 construction jobs will be created during the development of WJC. Average over 1,000 workers each day with 1,600 workers at peak point.

HERITAGE NEVADA VIII LLC WORLD JEWELRY CENTER PROJECT ECONOMIC IMPACT MODEL DATA

	Employee per sf	Gross area	# of Employees
	723	(SF)	
TOWER			
Offices (11-42 floors)	250	752,182	3,009
Bank 1st & 2nd floors	250	10,930	
Restaurant 2nd floor	100	10,145	101
Retail Ground Floor	250	2,286	
Exhibit Hall	500	23,879	
Club	250	23,879	
Spa/Fitness	250	10,000	40
Valet 24/7 (day shift=25)			75
Bldg Engineers (24/7)			12
Security 24/7 (day shift=40)			120
Office Management		2,286	8
Cleaning Staff			30
Concierge Residential (24/7)			3
Concierge Tower Lobby (24/7)			3
RETAIL (2 stories)			
Retail	500	69,267	139
Office Management			8
Restaurants	100	10,701	107
Food Court	100	6,127	61
Spa	250	11,507	46
Raw Bar	100	2,094	21
Tea Kitchen	100	2,237	22
TOTAL EMPLOYEES			4,001

File: WJC Employee Matrix 122107 (2).xls

Created: 12/21/07

TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPACT SUMMARY CITY OF LAS VEGAS

World Jewelry Center Office	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Demographic Population School Age Population Households	000	000	3,400 562 1,278							
Economic Employment Personal Income Output	0 80 80	0\$	5,284 \$76,033,824 \$551,624,173							
Real Estate Residential Units Non-residential Sq. Feet Assessed Value	0 0 \$217,115,389 \$299,	0 0 \$299,954,805	1278 5,141,362 \$608,518,579	1278 5,141,362 \$594,094,579	1278 5,592,735 \$584,478,579	1278 6.371,082 \$577,747,379	1278 7,149,429 \$571,016,179	1278 7,927,776 \$564,284,979	1278 8,706,123 \$564,284,979	1278 9,484,470 \$564,284,979

TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPAC CITY OF LAS VEGAS World Josephy Conton Office

World Jewelry Center Office	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	
Demographic Population School Age Population Households	3,400 562 1,278									
Economic Employment Personal Income Output	5,284 \$76,033,824 \$551,624,173									
Real Estate Residential Units Non-residential Sq. Feet Assessed Value	1278 10,262,817 \$564,284,979	1278 10,262,817 \$564,284,979	1278 11,819,511 \$564,284,979	12.78 12,597,858 \$564,284,979	1278 13,376,205 \$564,284,979	1278 14,154,552 \$564,284,979	1278 14,932,899 \$564,284,979	1278 15,711,246 \$564,284,979	1278 16,489,593 \$564,284,979	

REAL ESTATE SUPPORTED BY:
World Jewelry Center Office
CITY OF LAS VEGAS

					odamo i con	Square 1 cet Supported				
Land Use	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Hotel/Casino	0	0	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336
Retail	0	0	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159
Office	0	0	1,080,827	1,556,694	2,335,041	3,113,388	3,891,735	4,670,082	5,448,429	6,226,776
Industrial	0	0	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970
Hospital/Medical Office	0	0	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631
Ultilities	0	0	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505
Schools	0	0	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392
Government	0	0	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949
Other	0	0	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804
Housing Units	0	0	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278
Total Square Feet	0	0	2,229,574	2,705,441	3,483,788	4,262,135	5,040,482	5.818.829	6,597,176	7,375,523

REAL ESTATE SUPPORTED BY:
World Jewelry Center Office
CITY OF LAS VEGAS

					Square Feet Supported	Supported				
I and Use	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Hotel/Casino	63.336	63.336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336	63,336
Retail	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159	659,159
Office	7,005,123	7,005,123	8,561,817	9,340,164	10,118,511	10,896,858	11,675,205	12,453,552	13,231,899	14,010,246
Industrial	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970	150,970
Hosnital/Medical Office	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631	16,631
Thilities	2.505	2.505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505	2,505
Schools	209.392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392	209,392
Coverment	11,949	11,949	11.949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949	11,949
Other	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804	34,804
Housing Units	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278	1,278
Total Square Feet	8,153,870	8,153,870	9,710,564	10,488,911	11,267,258	12,045,605	12,823,952	13,602,299	14,380,646	15,158,993
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Ap										

TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPACT SUMMARY CITY OF LAS VEGAS

World Jewelry Center Retail	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Demographic	ì									
Population	0	0	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	901
School Age Population	0	0	149	149	149	149	149	149	149	149
Households	0	0	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339
Economic										
Employment	0	0	1,400			1,400			1,400	1,400
Personal Income	\$0	\$0	\$19,604,041	\$19,604,041	\$19,604,041	\$19,604,041	\$19,604,041	\$19,	\$19,604,041	\$19,604,041
Output	\$0	\$0	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037	\$171,813,037
Real Estate										
Residential Units	0	0	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339
Non-residential Sq. Feet	0	210,000	1,026,351	1,446,351	1,866,351	2,286,351	2,706,351	3,126,351	3,546,351	3,966,351
Assessed Value	\$0	\$0	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523	\$57,501,523

TOTAL ECONOMIC IMPAC CITY OF LAS VEGAS World Jewelry Center Retail

world Jeweiry Center Retail	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Demographic Population School Age Population Houscholds	901 149 339	901 149 339	901 149 339	901 149 339						
Economic Employment Personal Income Output	1,400 \$19,604,041 \$171,813,037	1,400 \$19,604,041 3171,813,037	1,400 \$19,604,041 \$171,813,037	1,400 \$19,604,041 \$171,813,037						
Real Estate Residential Units Non-residential Sq. Feet Assessed Value	339 4,386,351 \$57,501,523	339 4,806,351 \$57,501,523	339 5,226,351 \$57,501,523	339 5,646,351 \$57,501,523	339 6,066,351 \$57,501,523	339 6,486,351 \$57,501,523	339 6,906,351 \$57,501,523	339 7,326,351 \$57,501,523	339 7,746,351 \$57,501,523	339 8,166,351 \$57,501,523

REAL ESTATE SUPPORTED BY:
World Jewelry Center Retail
CITY OF LAS VEGAS

					Square Feet Supported	Supported				
Land Use	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Hotel/Casino	0	0	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	
Retail	0	210,000	630,000	1,050,000	1,470,000	_		3776	3,150,000	ιń
Office	0	0	156,062	156,062	156,062					
Industrial	0	0	107,468	107,468	107,468					
Hosnital/Medical Office	0	0	5,204	5,204	5,204					
Thilities	0	0	945	945	945					
Schools	0	0	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742		
Government	0	0	4.800	4,800	4,800					4,800
Other	0	0	7,577	7,577	7,577					
Housing Units	0	0	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339
Total Square Feet	0	210,000	1,026,351	1,446,351	1,866,351	2,286,351	2,706,351	3,126,351	3,546,351	3,966,351
au of Labor Statistics; Applied	Economics									

REAL ESTATE SUPPORTED BY:
World Jewelry Center Retail
CITY OF LAS VEGAS

					Square Feet Supported	Supported				
I and Use	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Hotel/Casino	65.554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554	65,554
Retail	3.990,000	4,410,000	4,830,000	5,250,000	5,670,000	6,090,000	6,510,000	6,930,000	7,350,000	7,770,000
Office	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062	156,062
Industrial	107.468		107,468	107,468	107,468	107,468	107,468	107,468	107,468	107,468
Hospital/Medical Office	5.204		5,204	5,204	5,204	5,204	5,204	5,204	5,204	5,204
Hilities	945		945	945	945	945	945	945	945	945
Schools	48.742		48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742	48,742
Government	4.800		4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800
Other	7,577	7,577	T,577	7,577	7,577	7,577	7,577	7,577	7,577	7,577
Housing Units	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339	339
Total Square Feet	4,386,351	4,806,351	5,226,351	5,646,351	6,066,351	6,486,351	6,906,351	7,326,351	7,746,351	8,166,351
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Ap										

DRAFT Heritage-Nevada VIII, LLC TIF Calculations - Summary

	TIF Difference	TIF	Present Value
Tax Year	(actual less base)	Agreement Share	Future Taxes
2010		20%	
2011	\$8,229,897	\$4,114,949	\$4,114,949
2012	\$8,591,247	\$4,295,623	\$4,089,512
2013	\$8,985,766	\$4,492,883	\$4,072,074
2014	\$9,317,889	\$4,658,944	\$4,019,975
2015	\$9,813,773	\$4,906,887	\$4,030,762
2016	\$10,249,329	\$5,124,664	\$4,007,669
2017	\$10,886,545	\$5,443,272	\$4,052,582
2018	\$11,430,219	\$5,715,109	\$4,050,807
2019	\$12,026,087	\$6,013,044	\$4,057,483
2020	\$12,646,651	\$6,323,326	\$4,062,124
2021	\$13,299,124	\$6,649,562	\$4,066,735
2022	\$13,984,865	\$6,992,432	\$4,071,237
2023	\$14,705,250	\$7,352,625	\$4,075,546
2024	\$15,461,671	\$7,730,836	\$4,079,577
2025	\$16,255,530	\$8,127,765	\$4,083,242
2026	\$17,088,225	\$8,544,113	\$4,086,451
2027	\$17,961,151	\$8,980,576	\$4,089,110
2028	\$18,875,683	\$9,437,842	\$4,091,123
2029	\$19,833,169	\$9,916,585	\$4,092,393
2030	\$20,834,915	\$10,417,457	\$4,092,816
	4070 476 087	\$135 238 AQA	\$81 386 167
	4210,410,301	+0+,007,001+	50,000,100

Flat Annual Pymts \$8,314,051



Heritage-Nevada VIII, LLC TIF Calculations - Residential Condominums

Projections based on the following assump	he following assumptions:		Calendar Year	Est. Val. of Real Prop. Impr.	Est. Val. Of Land
•			2010	\$210,695,543	80
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF				
Property Assessment	Est. Effective Tax Rate		NRS Imprmnt Depreciation	Discount Rate (Taxable Bond	Discount Rate (Taxable Bond 20-
%	for Prop.	Value Growth Rate	Rate	20-yr)	yr) + 300 basis pts.
35%	see below by year	3.0%	-1.5%	5.04%	8.04%

	Est. Appraised Value	Est. Appraised Value			Est.	Effective Tax	Actual Tax	Tax	TIF Difference	Ŧ	Present Value	
Tax Year	of Land Value	of Real Prop. Impr.	Depreciation	Assessment %	Taxable Value	Rate	Increment	Increment Base	Increment Base (actual less base)	Agreement Share	Future Taxes	
2010	S			35%	OS.	2.583%	80			20%		
2010	Ş, Ç	\$217.016.409	(\$3.255.246)	35%	\$74.816.407	2.602%	\$1,946,498	80	\$1,946,498	\$973,249	\$973,249	
2012	\$ 5	\$223 526 902	(56 705 807)	35%	\$75,887,383	2.580%	\$1,957,819	80	\$1,957,819	\$978,909	\$931,940	-
2013	S	\$230,232,709	(\$10.360.472)	32%	\$76,955,283	2.563%	\$1,972,210	80	\$1,972,210	\$986,105	\$893,745	7
2014	000	\$237 139 690	(\$14.228.381)	35%	\$78,018,958	2.524%	\$1,969,120	80	\$1,969,120	\$984,560	\$849,529	r
2015	3 5	\$244 253 881	(\$18.319.041)	35%	\$79,077,194	2.524%	\$1,995,829	80	\$1,995,829	\$997,915	\$819,737	4
2016	OS S	\$251.581.497	(\$22 642.335)	35%	\$80,128,707	2.503%	\$2,005,381	80	\$2,005,381	\$1,002,691	\$784,140	s
2017	C C	\$259 128 942	(\$27,208,539)	35%	\$81,172,141	2.523%	\$2,048,298	80	\$2,048,298	\$1,024,149	\$762,491	9
2018	05	\$266,902,810	(532,028,337)	35%	\$82,206,066	2.515%	\$2,067,565	80	\$2,067,565	\$1,033,782	\$732,734	7
2010	S &	\$274 909 894	(\$37.112.836)	35%	\$83,228,971	2.512%	\$2,090,656	80	\$2,090,656	\$1,045,328	\$705,367	00
2020	OS	\$283,157,191	(\$42,473,579)	35%	\$84,239,264	2.507%	\$2,112,286	\$0	\$2,112,286	\$1,056,143	\$678,469	6
2021	08	\$291,651,907	(\$48, 122, 565)	35%	\$85,235,270	2.503%	\$2,133,467	\$0	\$2,133,467	\$1,066,734	\$652,392	10
2022		\$300 401 464	(\$54.072.264)	35%	\$86.215.220	2.499%	\$2,154,159	\$0	\$2,154,159	\$1,077,080	\$627,113	=
2022	8	\$309 413 508	(860 335 634)	35%	\$87,177,256	2.494%	\$2,174,317	80	\$2,174,317	\$1,087,158	\$602,610	12
202	9	\$318 695 913	(\$66.926.142)	35%	\$88,119,420	2.490%	\$2,193,895	0%	\$2,193,895	\$1,096,947	\$578,861	13
2025	9	\$328 256 791	(\$73.857.778)	35%	\$89,039,655	2.485%	\$2,212,843	80	\$2,212,843	\$1,106,422	\$555,846	14
2026	08	\$338 104 495	(\$81 145 079)	35%	\$89,935,796	2.481%	\$2,231,112	80	\$2,231,112	\$1,115,556	\$533,545	15
2027	9	\$348 247 629	(\$88,803,145)	35%	\$90,805,569	2.476%	\$2,248,649	80	\$2,248,649	\$1,124,324	\$511,937	91
2028	; €	\$358 695 058	(596 847 666)	35%	\$91,646,587	2.472%	\$2,265,397	80	\$2,265,397	\$1,132,698	\$491,003	17
2029	Sos	\$369,455,910	(\$105,294,934)	35%	\$92,456,341	2.467%	\$2,281,299	80	\$2,281,299	\$1,140,649	\$470,725	18
2030	0\$	\$380,539,587	(\$114,161,876)	35%	\$93,232,199	2.463%	\$2,296,294	0%	\$2,296,294	\$1,148,147	\$451,084	61
							\$42,357,093		\$42.357.093	\$21,178,546	\$13,606,517	

Heritage-Nevada VIII, LLC TIF Calculations - Commercial Property Component

NRS Imprmnt Depreciation Discount Rate (Taxable Bond Discount Rate (Taxable Bond 20) Est. Val. Of Land \$10,229,573 Calendar Year Est. Val. of Real Prop. Impr. 2010 \$647,810,039 Projections based on the following assumptions:

Property Assessment	Property Assessment Est. Effective Tax Rate	Value Groudh Rate	NRS Imprmnt Depreciation	Discount Rate (Taxable Bond	NRS Imprimit Depreciation Discount Rate (Taxable Bond Discount Rate (Taxable Bond 20) Rate Vr) + 300 basis pts.							
9/	101 -100.	Value Slower Mare	31811	16.07	00000							
35%	see below by year	8.0%	-1.5%	5.04%	8.04%							
	Est. Appraised Value	Est. Appraised Value			Est.	Effective Tax	Actual Tax	Tax	TIF Difference	Ħ	Present Value	
Tax Year	of Land Value	of Real Prop. Impr.	Depreciation	Assessment %	Taxable Value	Rate	Increment	Increment Base	Increment Base (actual less base)	Agreement Share	Future Taxes	
2010	\$10,229,573			35%	\$3,580,351	2.583%	\$92,480			20%		
2011	\$11,047,939	\$699,634,842	(\$10,494,523)	35%	\$245,065,890	2.602%	\$6,375,879	\$92,480	\$6,283,399	\$3,141,699	\$3,141,699	
2012	\$11,931,774	\$755,605,629	(\$22,668,169)	35%	\$260,704,232	2.580%	\$6,725,908	\$92,480	\$6,633,428	\$3,316,714	\$3,157,572	_
2013	\$12,886,316	\$816,054,079	(\$36.722,434)	35%	\$277,276,287	2.563%	\$7,106,037	\$92,480	\$7,013,556	\$3,506,778	\$3,178,329	~
2014	\$13,917,221	\$881,338,406	(\$52,880,304)	35%	\$294,831,363	2.524%	\$7,441,249	\$92,480	\$7,348,768	\$3,674,384	\$3,170,446	
2015	\$15,030,599	\$951,845,478	(\$71,388,411)	35%	\$313,420,683	2.524%	\$7,910,425	\$92,480	\$7,817,944	\$3,908,972	\$3,211,025	4
2016	\$16.233.047	\$1,027,993,116	(\$92,519,380)	35%	\$333,097,374	2.503%	\$8,336,428	\$92,480	\$8,243,948	\$4,121,974	\$3,223,530	4,
2017	\$17.531.690	\$1,110,232,566	(\$116,574,419)	35%	\$353,916,443	2.523%	\$8,930,728	\$92,480	\$8,838,247	\$4,419,124	\$3,290,091	-
2018	\$18.934.226	\$1,199,051,171	(\$143,886,141)	35%	\$375,934,740	2.515%	\$9,455,135	\$92,480	\$9,362,654	\$4,681,327	\$3,318,073	
2019	\$20,448,964	\$1,294,975,265	(\$174,821,661)	35%	\$399,210,899	2.512%	\$10,027,912	\$92,480	\$9,935,431	\$4,967,716	\$3,352,116	*
2020	\$22,084,881	\$1,398,573,286	(\$209,785,993)	35%	\$423,805,261	2.507%	\$10,626,846	\$92,480	\$10,534,366	\$5,267,183	\$3,383,654	5
2021	\$23.851.671	\$1,510,459,149	(\$249,225,760)	35%	\$449,779,771	2.503%	\$11,258,138	\$92,480	\$11,165,657	\$5,582,829	\$3,414,343	=
2022	\$25 759 805	\$1,631,295,880	(\$293,633,258)	35%	\$477,197,849	2.499%	\$11,923,186	\$92,480	\$11,830,705	\$5,915,353	\$3,444,124	=
2023	\$27.820.589	\$1,761,799,551	(\$343,550,912)	35%	\$506,124,230	2.494%	\$12,623,413	\$92,480	\$12,530,933	\$6,265,466	\$3,472,937	12
2024	\$30.046,237	\$1,902,743,515	(\$399,576,138)	35%	\$536,624,765	2.490%	\$13,360,257	\$92,480	\$13,267,777	\$6,633,888	\$3,500,716	=
2025	\$32,449,936	\$2,054,962,996	(\$462,366,674)	35%	\$568,766,190	2.485%	\$14,135,167	\$92,480	\$14,042,686	\$7,021,343	\$3,527,396	2
2026	\$35 045 930	\$2,219,360,036	(\$532,646,409)	35%	\$602,615,845	2.481%	\$14,949,593	\$92,480	\$14,857,113	\$7,428,556	\$3,552,906	=
2027	\$37.849.605	\$2,396,908,839	(\$611,211,754)	35%	\$638,241,341	2.476%	\$15,804,983	\$92,480	\$15,712,503	\$7,856,251	\$3,577,173	=
2028	\$40.877.573	\$2,588,661,546	(\$698,938,617)	35%	\$675,710,176	2.472%	\$16,702,767	\$92,480	\$16,610,287	\$8,305,143	\$3,600,120	17
2029	\$44,147,779	\$2,795,754,470	(\$796,790,024)	35%	\$715,089,279	2.467%	\$17,644,351	\$92,480	\$17,551,871	\$8,775,935	\$3,621,668	18
2030	\$47,679,601	\$3,019,414,827	(\$905,824,448)	35%	\$756,444,493	2.463%	\$18,631,102	\$92,480	\$18,538,621	\$9,269,311	\$3,641,731	19
							\$230,061,984		\$228,119,894	\$114,059,947	\$67,779,651	_

Flat Annual Pymts \$6,924,069